



Mit einer „question tag“ = Bestätigungsfrage kannst du den Bestätigungsfluss aufrecht erhalten.

Im Deutschen verwendest du Ausdrücke wie: „nicht wahr?, oder?, nicht?“.

Im Englischen hängst du eine „question tag“ an den Aussagesatz an

- Ist der Aussagesatz bejaht (+), so ist die Bestätigungsfrage verneint (-).
- Ist der Aussagesatz verneint (-), so ist die Bestätigungsfrage bejaht (+).

Beispiele für question tags: can't you?, weren't you?, didn't you?, isn't he?, am I?, is it?, can I? usw.

Add the correct question tags!



- Mike drove too fast, \_\_\_\_\_
- Robert and his sister will come tomorrow, \_\_\_\_\_
- You haven't done your homework, \_\_\_\_\_
- Mary is cooking at the moment, \_\_\_\_\_
- He likes reading books, \_\_\_\_\_
- He can't come home now, \_\_\_\_\_
- He won't phone you, \_\_\_\_\_
- Kirsty doesn't speak French, \_\_\_\_\_
- Mike didn't go to school yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_
- I'm clever, \_\_\_\_\_
- I'm not stupid, \_\_\_\_\_
- Munic isn't near New York, \_\_\_\_\_
- You can go with her, \_\_\_\_\_
- We must stop, \_\_\_\_\_
- David didn't see everything, \_\_\_\_\_

# Lösung

Englisch

Question tags (Bestätigungsfragen)

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- Mike drove too fast, **didn't he?**
- Robert and his sister will come tomorrow, **won't they?**
- You haven't done your homework, **have you?**
- Mary is cooking at the moment, **isn't she?**
- He likes reading books, **doesn't he?**
- He can't come home now, **can he?**
- He won't phone you, **will he?**
- Kirsty doesn't speak French, **does she?**
- Mike didn't go to school yesterday, **did he?**
- I'm clever, **aren't I?**
- I'm not stupid, **am I?**
- Munic isn't near New York, **is it?**
- You can go with her, **can't you?**
- We must stop, **mustn't we?**
- David didn't see everything, **did he?**

