



Wenn du im Deutschen eine Ordnungszahl als Ziffer schreibst steht ein Punkt nach der Zahl z.B. am 4. Februar.

Im Englischen stehen die beiden letzten Buchstaben der ausgeschriebenen Ordnungszahl.

z.B. first = 1st
second = 2nd
third = 3rd
fourth = 4th

1st first	11 th eleventh	21 st twenty-first	31 st thirty-first
2 nd second	12 th twelfth	22 nd twenty-second	40 th fortieth
3 rd third	13 th thirteenth	23 rd twenty-third	50 th fiftieth
4 th fourth	14 th fourteenth	24 th twenty-fourth	60 th sixtieth
5 th fifth	15 th fifteenth	25 th twenty-fifth	70 th seventieth
6 th sixth	16 th sixteenth	26 th twenty-sixth	80 th eightieth
7 th seventh	17 th seventeenth	27 th twenty-seventh	90 th ninetieth
8 th eighth	18 th eighteenth	28 th twenty-eighth	100 th one hundredth
9 th ninth	19 th nineteenth	29 th twenty-ninth	1,000 th one thousandth
10 th tenth	20 th twentieth	30 th thirtieth	1,000,000 th one millionth

1. Gib die Ordnungszahlen ausgeschrieben an!

- | | | | |
|--------|-------|---------|-------|
| • 15th | _____ | • 56th | _____ |
| • 36th | _____ | • 63rd | _____ |
| • 42nd | _____ | • 3rd | _____ |
| • 51st | _____ | • 71st | _____ |
| • 8th | _____ | • 6th | _____ |
| • 88th | _____ | • 100th | _____ |
| • 12th | _____ | • 22nd | _____ |
| • 1st | _____ | • 19th | _____ |

2. Gib die Ordnungszahlen in Ziffern an!

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| • second | _____ | • two hundred twentieth | _____ |
| • one hundred and eighth | _____ | • ninety-sixth | _____ |
| • forty-fifth | _____ | • fourth | _____ |
| • sixtieth | _____ | • thirty-third | _____ |
| • fifty-seventh | _____ | • eighty-second | _____ |
| • thirteenth | _____ | • fiftieth | _____ |
| • sixty-third | _____ | • eleventh | _____ |
| • thirty-ninth | _____ | • twenty-eighth | _____ |

