



Wenn du sagen willst, dass jemand etwas hat oder besitzt, verwendest du *have got / has got*.

- Bei *he, she und it* verwendest du *has got*
- Ebenso bei den Formen von *to be*, hier verwendest du auch *have got / has got*
- Alle Formen bildest du gleich (*have got*), außer bei *he, she, It*, da verwendest du *has got*

Beispiele:

Langform

Singular

I **have got** a dog
You **have got** a cat.
He **has got** a cat.
She **has got** a cat.
It **has got** a nice colour.

Plural

We **have got** a cat.
You **have got** a cat.
They **have got** a cat.



Kurzform

Singular

I **'ve got** a cat.
You **'ve got** a cat.
He **'s got** a cat.
She **'s got** a cat.
It **'s got** a nice colour.

Plural

We **'ve got** a cat.
You **'ve got** a cat.
They **'ve got** a cat.

1. Übungsaufgaben:

Write the short form.

- we have got _____
- he has got _____
- they have got _____
- it has got _____

2. Put in have got or has got.

- You _____ a nice house.
- He _____ a pencil case.
- We _____ a big garden.
- She _____ a book.
- They _____ a computer.

Lösung

Englisch

have got /has got



1.

- we have got **we've got**
- he has got **he's got**
- they have got **they've got**
- it has got **it's got**

2.

- You **have got** a nice house.
- He **has got** a pencil case.
- We **have got** a big garden.
- She **has got** a book.

